

Things are heating up...

Slap on the suncream

Wear loose clothing

Spend time in the shade

Avoid the sun at the hottest point in the day usually midday to 3pm



Signs of heatstroke

- headache
- dizziness and confusion
- loss of appetite and feeling sick
- excessive sweating and pale, clammy skin
- cramps in the arms, legs and stomach
- fast breathing or pulse
- high temperature of 38C or above
- extreme thirst

Find shade, lie down, drink water or sports drinks with electrolytes and cool the skin with a cold wet cloth.



Stay hydrated

Look out for the signs of dehydration:

- feeling thirsty and lightheaded
- a dry mouth
- tiredness
- having dark coloured or strong-smelling urine (pee)
- urinating (peeing) less often than usual

If you have been taking drugs that have a stimulant effect (e.g. cocaine or amphetamines) this can lead to increased body temperatures and dehydration.

Benzodiazepines (e.g. diazepam and alprazolam) and opioids (like heroin or codeine) can also cause dehydration.



Think about your tolerance... If you haven't been drinking or taking other drugs for a while its likely your tolerance will have dropped so you will feel the effects from much lower doses than you are used to - start low and go slow!



Please pick up your litter



Think about safer sex

and consent

For more information, go to



Taken too much?

Drugs include: cocaine, MDMA, amphetamines (speed), caffeine.

Signs of stimulant overdose include:

- Seizures, fitting or rigid muscles
- Hyperthermia (red-hot skin, overheating)
- Severe nausea and vomiting
- Rapid heart rate or chest pains
- Difficulty breathing
- Hallucinations
- Anxiety or fear
- Panic attack



Signs of a Depressant overdose

Drugs include: alcohol, benzodiazepines (diazepam/ alprazolam), GHB, heroin or codeine.

Signs of depressant overdose include:

- Unconsciousness
- Severe nausea and vomiting
- Seizures and fitting
- Difficulty breathing, snoring and raspy breathing
- Blue or pale tingeing of hands, fingers and lips
- Slow or erratic heart rate
- Pale, cold and clammy skin



In an emergency, get help and...

- Keep calm
- Call 999 (or 112)
- Give as much information as possible include location, age, who needs help and what happened.
 Be honest about what they have taken. Stay with the person (if you can).
- Distressed? Sit them somewhere calm and give reassurance.
- Fitting? Keep the area safe move anything that could hurt them.
- Overheating? Take them somewhere cooler, loosen tight clothing, cool them using fans or wet towels and give them small sips of water.
- Unconscious? Put in the recovery position (or on their side) and monitor breathing.
- Stopped breathing? Perform CPR (chest compressions are really important).
- If opioids are involved, or if you are unsure if they are, always administer naloxone.

In an overdose, keep them safe but don't...

- Leave them alone
- Inflict excessive pain to wake them
- Give any other drug
- Encourage them to vomit
- Give them anything to eat or drink (apart from small sips of water)
- Put them in a bath/shower
- Walk them about
- Attempt to restrain them



If you are in Edinburgh and the Lothians and are concerned about your own, or a loved one's drug use, Crew is here for you! We provide free, inclusive, non-judgemental counselling for those experiencing problems related to psychostimulant drugs.

To find out more, call 0131 220 3404 or visit: www.crew.scot



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